

User Group Meeting PEARC23 BoF

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Center for Computational Research



Ohio Supercomputer Center



University of Colorado Boulder

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openondemand.org/pearc23



User Group Meeting Agenda

About Open OnDemand

3.0 Updates

Key Items of Note

Open Floor Discussion





Run Open OnDemand

Access your organization's supercomputers through the web to compute from anywhere, on any device.







Zero installation

Run Open OnDemand entirely in your browser. No client software installation required.

Easy to use

Start computing immediately. A simple interface makes Open OnDemand easy to learn and use.

Compatible with any device

Launch on any device with a browser—even a mobile phone or tablet.

openondemand.org/run

Install Open OnDemand



Administer remote web access to your supercomputers to transform the way users work and learn.





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Low barrier to entry

Empower users of all skill levels by offering an alternative to command-line interface.

Free and open source

Install Open OnDemand for free, and gather knowledge from our large open-source community.

Configurable and flexible

Create and deploy your own applications to meet your users' unique needs.

openondemand.org/install



Deployed Worldwide





cantornia

Enabled <u>Utilities</u> & Apps



openondemand.org/apps



Community Events



Tips and tricks calls

Hosted by the larger Open OnDemand community, tips and tricks webinars share best practices for setting up and using Open OnDemand. They take place on the first Thursday of every month at 1 p.m. ET.



Open office hours

Hosted by our development team, Zoom open office hours are the perfect opportunity to ask questions or make a suggestion. They are held on the second Tuesday of every month from 11:15 a.m. to 12:45 p.m. ET.

openondemand.org/events

OPEN On Demand



Videos & Publications

		Publication		Publication	Video	Video	Video
11.13.23	10.30.23	07.24.23	07.24.23	05.02.23	04.06.23	03.02.23	02.02.23
SC23 Exhibiter	Gateways23 Exhibiter	PEARC23 Preso: HPC toolset	PEARC23 Exhibiter	Project Paper: Sector examples	Tips Webinar: Version 3.0	Tips Webinar: Amazon Web Services	Tips Webinar: Dynamic forms
Conference site >	Conference site >	Download >	Conference site >	Download >	Watch >	Watch >	Watch >
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Video	Publication		Publication	Publication	Publication	Video	Publication
06.01.23	05.24.23	05.21.23	05.21.23	01.26.23	01.15.23	12.01.22	11.15.22
Tips Webinar:	ISC23 Preso: User	ISC23 Exhibiter	ISC23 Preso: HPC	NVIDIA SAE Preso:	Project Paper:	Tips Webinar: SC22	SC22 Preso: User
Customizations	group meeting		toolset	Overview	Production deployments	recap	group meeting
Watch >	Download >	Conference site >	Download >	Download >	Download >	Watch >	Download >
Publication	Publication	Publication	Video	Publication	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Video	
05.16.23	05.11.23	05.04.23	05.04.23	11.15.22	11.15.22	11.03.22	10.18.22
RMACC HPC 23 Preso: Walkthrough	I2 CommEX 23 Preso: CloudCluster	Project Paper: General brochure	Tips Webinar: MATLAB	SC22 Paper: ERN cryo-EM	SC22 Exhibitor	Tips Webinar: Quantifying impact	Gateways22 Exhibitor
Download >	Download >	Download >	Watch >	Download >	Conference site >	Watch >	Conference site >

openondemand.org/events



Support



Discuss on Discourse

The Get Help thread on our Discourse forum features user and admin questions and answers. Browse recent questions or leave one of your own.

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Documentation

Our documentation outlines installation steps, app development guidelines, release notes, and more. Search for a specific topic or browse for general info.

openondemand.org/support



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Administrative Changes

Documentation

Restructured to group sections more logically.

Dependency updates

Ruby 3.0, NodeJS 14, Python 3

Dex location

Defaults to behind Apache reverse proxy.

Autoloading deprecated

Impacts any initializers.

openondemand.org/releasenotes

Customization Features

Navbar configurations

Nearly every aspect can be customized.

Custom landing pages

Dedicated URLs can directly access them.

Profile support

Includes group profiles, custom navbar, dashboard (Harvard).

openondemand.org/releasenotes





Quick launch apps

All parameters are hard-coded.

Recently used apps

Automatically generated quick launch apps.

Running sessions widget

Displayed directly on dashboard.

openondemand.org/releasenotes

General Features

Remote files

Rclone integration in files app (CSC Finland).

Help ticket integration

Email support staff directly from session cards.

Additional OS support

New packages for EL and Ubuntu.

openondemand.org/releasenotes

Future Releases



Semi-Annual minor releases

Smaller and more frequent



Community input needed

Help us prioritize features

Example Features

System status widget

User favorites

New proxy

First class file picker

Documentation in dashboard

New job composer

Customize session cards

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OnDemand for a Decade



OSC OnDemand: A Web Platform Integrating Access to HPC Systems, Web and VNC Applications

Dave Hudak, Thomas Bitterman, Patricia Carey, Douglas Johnson, Eric Franz, Shaun Brady, Piyush Diwan



OSC OnDemand: A Web Platform Integrating Access to HPC Systems, Web and VNC Applications

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ABSTRACT

In this paper, we describe the OnDemand web platform for providing OSC users integrated access to HPC systems, web applications and VNC services. We present the user experience and implementation of OnDemand and compare it with existing science gateway approaches.

Categories and Subject Descriptors L6.7 [Simulation and Modeling]: Simulation Support Systems environments

General Terms Design, Reliability, Security, Human Factors.

Keywords

Web platform, OpenID, REST, High Performance Computing, Virtual Organizations, Cyberinfrastructure.

1. INTRODUCTION

The web has become the dominant access mechanism for remote compute services in every computing area except HPC. In HPC, web applications primarily exist in the form of science gateways. However, the majority of work is performed via HPC system access provided through SSH for text-based access and (occasionally) VNC for visualization access. This separation between web and system functionality inhibits the impact of HPC. Web applications (gateways) have not truly proliferated in HPC due to the development and administrative overheads required for each individual gateway. Meanwhile, traditional SSH interfaces represent a barrier to entry for new users who must locate acceptable client software and learn command-line interfaces for file editing and job control.

We created OSC OnDemand to be a unified web platform where users could access science gateway-styleweb applications, VMC applications, HPC center filesystems and login node terminals. The user has to know only three things: the URL (ondemand osc.edu), their username and their password. Once logged into OnDemand, the user is presented with a dashboard showing a set of applications for filesystem access, job

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ASEDE: 15, July 22-25 2015, San Diego, CA, OSA Copyright 2013 ACM 978-1-4503-2170-9/13/07...\$15.00. construction and monitoring, login node terminal access, visualization node access via VNC and science gateways.

2. RELATED WORK

There has been a large and impressive body of work completed to support grid services and science gateways. The Globus Toolkit [5], [6] provides fundamental technologies for identification, authentication, authorization and service discovery. For example, the Computational Chemistry Grid project created and maintains the GridChem science gateway, [4] using Globus technologies. GridChem users from multiple institutions can securely access services from multiple resource providers. GridChem is also illustrative of the use of science gateways to form virtual organizations, where participants from multiple physical institutions can perform calculations and share data via a common web platform, thus forming a single virtual organization. This model has proven popular. Presently, XSEDE supports twentynine individual science gateways, many of them supporting discipline-specific virtual organizations [15]. The XSEDE User Portal (XUP)_(portal xsede org) provides integrated GSI-SSH job status, machine status and account management. OnDemand includes similar functions but adds file browsing and editing, job control (job submission and deletion) and VNC application access. In addition, the nanoHUB project [9] has released the HUBzero [10] software distribution for the creation of virtual organizations at the institutional (or even the laboratory) level. The Open Science Grid also supports non-browser applications for submitting HPC jobs from desktops, like BoSCO [16]. UNICORE [17] supports web portals through its Portal Task Force [18]. Current efforts address basic services, security, and workflow management.

Our team began designing web applications in 2008, including examples in remote instrumentation [2] and data-intensive biomedical science [7]. These applications, like many XSEDE science gateways, are built as standalone web applications that provide user separation at the application level and are deployed in community accounts, i.e., a single HPC account holding all gateway users' data. We encountered two major problems with scaling this approach. first, the increasing overhead of managing gateway deployments and accounts on a per-gateway basis and second, an inability to effectively support use cases in which a user required both gateway functionality as well as system-level access to their data (e.g., access at the command line). In order to solve the overhead problem, we experimented successfully with multiple services reachable from a single entry point that relied on common authentication [8]. In order to solve the second problem, we invented a new mechanism for web server deployment that is used in OnDemand (see section 4).



openondemand.org/xsede13





Commercial Cloud





openondemand.org/aws



openondemand.org/azure



openondemand.org/gcp

Demand

OnDemand version: v1.8.20

Fugaku OnDemand



スーパーコンピュータ「富岳」における HPC クラスタ用 Web ポータル Open OnDemand の導入

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概要:「富岳」などの HPC クラスタの問題点として、HPC クラスタを用いるための前提知識が多いため、 初心者にとって利用するまでの学習コストが大きい点が挙げられる。また、近年では、対話的操作を伴う GUI (Graphical User Interface) アプリケーションを計算ノード上で動作させることを望まれているが、 その手順は煩雑である.そこで、本稿では HPC クラスタの計算資源を簡易に利用可能にする Web ポータ ル Open OnDemand を「富岳」に導入する. その導入を実現するため,「富岳」で用いられているジョブ スケジューラを Open OnDemand から利用できるアダプタの開発を行った。本稿では、アダプタの開発お よび「富岳」における Open OnDemand の利用例について述べる.

1. はじめに

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RIKEN

Center for

Computational Science

理化学研究所 計算科学研究センター (R-CCS: RIKEN Center for Computational Science) [1] は、日本における フラグシップスーパーコンピュータとして「富岳」を運用 している [2]. また, R-CCS は「富岳」の利便性を向上さ せるため、可視化やデータ変換等を行うプリポスト環境も 提供している.図1に「富岳」とプリポスト環境の概念 図を示す. プリポスト環境は、GPU を搭載したノードと 大容量メモリを搭載したノードで構成される. ジョブスケ ジューラは「富岳」とプリポスト環境とで異なり,「富岳」 は Fujitsu Software Technical Computing Suite (Fujitsu TCS) [3] であるのに対し、プリポスト環境は Slurm[4] であ る. 各システムの利用手順としては、ユーザはまず Secure Shell (SSH) を用いて共通のログインノードにログインし、 次にジョブスケジューラを用いて各システムにジョブを投 入する.

「富岳」などの HPC クラスタを利用するためには, Shell による CLI (Command Line Interface), SSH の鍵ペアの 生成と公開鍵の登録、ジョブスケジューラなどの知識が必 要であるため、初心者にとって学習コストが大きいという 問題点がある.また,近年では,対話的操作を伴う GUI (Graphical User Interface) アプリケーションを HPC アプ リケーションとして動作させることを望まれているが、そ のようなアプリケーションを HPC クラスタ上で動作させ

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Prepost environmer Nodes : 8 CPU I Intel Xeon Gold 6240 x 2 Memory : 192GB GPU : NVIDIA Tesla V100 x 2 Nodes : 2 CPU : Intel Xeon Platinum 8280L x 4 Memory : 6,144GB Fujitsu TCS SSH Login Node

図1 「富岳」とプリポスト環境の概念図

る手順は煩雑である.例えば,JupyterLab のような Web ベースのアプリケーションの場合,次のような手順をア プリケーションを実行する毎に CUI で行う必要がある. (1) SSH でログインノードにログインする。(2) ジョブス ケジューラを通して JupyterLab を計算ノード上で実行す る. (3) 計算ノードの IP アドレスと JupyterLab が利用す るポート番号を取得する. (4) 取得した IP アドレスとポー ト番号に SSH トンネリングでローカルポートと接続する. (5) ローカルポートを Web ブラウザで開く. このように, 多くの手間を要するだけでなく、これらの作業には前述し た知識も必要であるため、GUI に慣れたユーザにとって大 きな負担となっている.

本稿では HPC クラスタ用の Web ポータル Open OnDemand[5] を「富岳」に導入する. Open OnDemand を用い ると、SSH ではなく Web ブラウザから HPC クラスタの計 算資源を利用できる. さらに、HPC クラスタの計算ノー ド上で動作する GUI アプリケーションの対話的操作を簡 易に実行できる. ここで, Open OnDemand は様々なスケ

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Fugaku Ondemand Interactive Apps -Welcome to the supercomputer Fugaku

OnDemand provides an integrated, single access point for all of your HPC resources.

Pinned Apps A featured subset of all available apps





Idaho National Lab





openondemand.org/idaho

Example Case Studies



WEB PORTALS

Open OnDemand aids engineering school's supercomputing curriculum

In 2019, the Milwaukee School of Engineering (MSOE) unveiled a major addition to its campus: the Dwight and Dian Diercks Computational Science Hall, featuring Rosie the supercomputer. The facility opened in the wake of the launch of MSOE's bachelor's degree in computer science, with a curriculum focused on the growing field of artificial intelligence.

Alumnus Dwight Diercks, who along with his wife Dian donated \$34 million for the facility, has worked for the technology company NVIDIA since 1994 and today serves as its senior vice president of software engineering. MSOE worked closely with the company on assembling the necessary hardware and software for the supercomputer, which features NVIDIA graphics processing units (GPUs).

NVIDIA recommended that MSOE adopt Open OnDermand, an open-source high performance computing portal developed by the Ohio Supercomputer Center (OSC). Open OnDermand is used by researchers and college students around the world to access supercomputing resources anywhere from any device.

Derek Riley, a professor and program director for electrical engineering and computer science

at MSOE, reports that most of the jobs run on Rosie use the Open OnDemand portal. MSOE established the supercomputer primarily as a teaching tool for undergraduates studying machine learning and data science, and Open OnDemand has made it easy for them to directly access Rosie, Riley said. Students can avoid timeconsuming technical setups and instead gain more experience using the supercomputer to answer a variety of scientific and engineering questions.

"It can't be overstated how important it is for students to focus on the problems we want them to learn," he said.

MSOE's approach to supercomputing also reflects the work environment that many students will find themselves in after graduation, as most employers have engineering teams that handle the more technical aspects of supercomputer setup and maintenance while the data scientists conduct analyses, Riley said.

Not only has Open OnDemand been beneficial for undergraduates to use, but MSOE's own system administrators have found it easy to learn and manage, Riley said.

"We've had a really great experience using it we've been really happy with it," he said. "We've been able to use it primarily out of the box, and it's the main entry point for students and faculty to the cluster."

Read and share online: osc.edu/r22/msoe

Above: Rosie the supercomputer supports the Milwaukee School of Engineering's computer science program. Image courtesy of Milwaukee School of Engineering. With the development of OSC's online portal Open OnDemand, much of this complexity has been eliminated, as OnDemand integrates software familiar to the students.

Not only has Open OnDemand been beneficial for undergrads to use, but MSOE's own system administrators have found it easy to learn and manage.

CLASSROOM LEARNING

Professor builds Ohio State course around research using the Ohio Supercomputer Center

Chris Hadad has been a client of the Ohio Supercomputer Center (OSC) for over two decades and leads one of the most active accounts. A professor of organic chemistry at The Ohio State University, Hadad is currently developing medical countermeasures against organophosphorus chemical nerve agents used in chemical warfare and as pesticides in agriculture.

More than 20 years ago, Hadad was inspired by the impact of OSC on his research to help others in the scientific community learn about and access high performance computing (HPC) resources.

"The idea I've always had was essentially to help develop expertise in different research groups on how they can use computational methods as a benefit to their experimental studies," he said.

To accomplish this goal, in 1996 Hadad developed a course at Ohio State, "Computational Chemistry," that teaches graduate-level students how to use HPC within their various fields of research.

Today Hadad has taught the course 16 times and has made a significant impact on students' education and careers. "Computational Chemistry" introduces students to real-world research using the HPC resources provided by OSC. The students choose their projects based on what interests them, and Hadad helps them tailor their use of OSC to find the answers they are seeking.

When Hadad began teaching this course, some students encountered difficulty using OSC, as they first needed to learn Unix commands to interface with the systems, the professor recalled. With the development of OSC's online portal Open OnDemand, much of this complexity has been eliminated, as OnDemand integrates software familiar to the students.

Not only are Hadad's students highly engaged in the classroom, but they also complete research that later may become the basis for their theses.

"Over 40 student projects have actually been published in different journals, many of them in some of the best journals in chemistry," Hadad said.

Hadad's integration of OSC within the classroom has helped disseminate HPC skills throughout educational and research communities.

"I've even had faculty take my class, including some faculty who have then gone on to other institutions to teach a computational chemistry class there," Hadad said.

Read and share online: osc.edu/r22/hadad





Left: Catalytic active site of OP-inhibited acetylcholinesterase by the nerve agent Sarin as generated in silico from the 5FPQ crystal structure. Right: Catalytic active site of OP-aged acetylcholinesterase by the nerve agent Sarin as generated in silico from the 5FPQ crystal structure.

2021-2022 RESEARCH REPORT / RESEARCH

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openondemand.org/casestudies

How to Contribute



Spread the word

Mention us on Twitter @open_ondemand—or simply tell your friends!



Make a suggestion

Pitch a new app or feature—or report a bug—to help make Open OnDemand even better.



Engage with us

Collaborate with us to make your corporate or higher ed project a reality.

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Write documentation

Draft documentation for a new app or feature, or help us revise existing docs.



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Write code for a new app or feature, and share it with our community.



Fund the project

Provide monetary support to our development team or one of our partners. Every gift helps!

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Any Device, Anywhere



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